

JUNE 2002

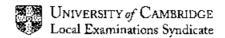
GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 30

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT:9701/5

CHEMISTRY (PRACTICAL)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
- rage -	A Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	5

N.B. Boxed references within this marking scheme relate to the accompanying booklet of Standing Instructions

1 (a) Experiment 1

Titration table Standing Instructions (f)

Check the Candidate's subtraction of each titration unless labelled Rough. The subtraction of a Rough titration should be checked if the Candidate has ticked the value and used it in calculating the average titre.

Give **one mark** if all burette readings are in the correct spaces in the table, the volume has been filled in, and all final burette readings are to at least 2 d.p. Ignore any titre which has been labelled **Rough**.

Give **one mark** for a sufficient number of titrations (any two titres differing by 0.10 cm³ or less). Award this mark on uncorrected titres – **Rough** values may be included in assessing sufficient number of titrations.

Give one mark for a value of volume used from the burette and quoted in the Summary, which is clearly justified by the Candidate's indication of the results used. Do not give this mark if no value is quoted in the Summary, no Values are ticked in the titration table or no calculation of the average is shown. This will usually be the value of two identical titres or any other average provided it is correct to at least 2 d.p. or to the nearest 0.05 cm³ (first and second d.p.s may be omitted here if they are 0)

Accuracy
See section (g).

As soon as the candidate's average titre has been checked or corrected, the titre value transferred to page 4 should be confirmed and corrected as necessary.

Assign accuracy marks by comparing the candidate's average titre (corrected as necessary) with the Supervisor's value.

The Supervisor's Titre, corrected if necessary, should be recorded on the front of the script. Apply spread penalty as shown below

Accuracy marks		
Mark	Difference from Supervisor / cm ³	
5	up to 0.20	
4	0.20+ to 0.25	
3	0.25+ to 0.30	
2	0.30+ to 0.50	
1	0.50+ to 1.00	
0	Greater than 1.00	

Spread Penalty	1
Range used / cm³	Deduction
0.20+ to 0.25	1
0.25+ to 0.30	2
0.30+ to 0.35	3
0.35+ to 0.40	4
greater than 0.40	5

Suspect Supervisor Values

Adopt procedure (ii) in (h) for any suspect Supervisor results

If there is not an obvious value from the Candidates' results, use 24.20 as the Standard Value. Report your action to Team Leader on the Centre Accuracy Return.

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Page 2			Paper
	A Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	5

Calculations

In all calculations, ignore evaluation errors if working is shown

(b) Give one mark for $\frac{\text{titre}}{1000} \times 0.02$

(c) Give two marks for ans (a) $x = 5 + x + \frac{1000}{25}$ 2

(one) (one)

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
rage o	A Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	5

(d) Experiment 2

Check and correct, if necessary, all subtractions in Table 1.2.

MARK THE GRAPH BEFORE ASSESSING MARKS FOR ACCURACY

Graph

- (e) (i) Give one mark if FB 1 is plotted on y-axis and FB 3 is plotted on x-axis.
 - (ii) Give one mark if both axes are correctly labelled and have the correct units.

 [FB 1 / cm³ or FB 1 (cm³)] is sufficient for this mark.
 - (iii) Give one mark if linear scales have been used.

 (Points should be plotted over more than half the length of the FB 1 axis)
 - (iv) Check and re-plot (with a red dot) any incorrectly plotted values or values where the Candidate made an error in subtraction.

Give two marks for correct plotting (Candidate's values) of all four points.

A point is correctly plotted if the centre of the cross or the point is within ½ square on each axis of the point selected by the Examiner.

Give one mark if three points, only, are correctly plotted.

Do not give these marks if the scale(s) chosen is difficult to use. In this case the Examiner is to re-plot the correct values using suitable scales to assess the practical performed for accuracy marks.

Record the mark given in the boxes (i) - (iv) alongside the graph to indicate these marking points have been considered.

5

(f) Give one mark for a best-fit straight line drawn through the points.
Accept a line passing through three points but missing the fourth point as a line of best fit.
Accept a line that leaves two points evenly distributed on either side of the line.

Do not award this mark if either scale is non-linear.

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(g) Give one mark for reading from the graph, to the nearest ½ square, the volume of FB 3 where the line intersects the FB 3 axis.

Do not give this mark if a curve has been drawn.

1

ACCURACY MARKS

Lay a transparent ruler or straight line drawn on acetate on the plotted/re-plotted points. Adjust the position of the ruler/acetate to give the best-fit straight line (using the criteria above). Award accuracy marks as follows:

	Mark
All four plotted points are within 1 horizontal or vertical square on either side of the line.	3
Three of the plotted points are within 1 horizontal or vertical square on either side of the line and the fourth point is within 2 horizontal squares.	2
Three of the plotted points are within 2 horizontal or vertical squares on either side of the line.	1

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus Paper	
	A Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	5

2 Assessment of Planning Skills

(a) Give one mark for a diagram showing apparatus suitable for heating caesium nitrate, collecting and measuring the volume of gas given off.

		Heating		Collection	
** Do not accept any apparatus that has sharp corners		test-tube	4	(gas)-syringe	✓
	us	boiling-tube	~	inverted measuring cylinder full of water	1
	-	combustion-tube	1	inverted burette full of water	1
	roui	nd-bottomed flask**	1	eudiometer	1
		beaker**	×	uncalibrated gas jar	*
				uncalibrated test-tube/boiling-tube	×

Do not give this mark if the collection apparatus is inverted and full of water but shows no graduations unless it has been correctly labelled. **No mark** should be given if solution or solid + water is heated.

Give **one mark** for correctly labelling the apparatus **and** indicating the volume of apparatus used **to collect the gas**, e.g. 100 cm³ gas syringe, 250 cm³ measuring cylinder.

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(b) Give one mark for nitrogen dioxide and oxygen if gas is not collected over water or for oxygen alone if the gas is collected over water.

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(c) Give one mark for a calculated M_c of caesium nitrate = 195.0

if the Candidate has chosen NO₂ and O₂ as the gas collected.

Give **one mark** for stating or showing by calculation that the greater volume of gas will be given by the first equation.

Give **one mark** if the mass of CsNO₃ is shown by calculation to be $\le 0.65 \text{ g} / 100 \text{ cm}^3$ gas and the mass used will not give more gas than can be collected in the apparatus selected.

If the Candidate has chosen O_2 as the only gas collected.

Give **one mark** for stating or showing by calculation that the greater volume of gas will be given by the second equation.

Give **one mark** if the mass of CsNO₃ is shown by calculation to be ≤ 1.625 g / 100 cm³ gas and the mass used will not give more gas than can be collected in the apparatus selected.

(d) Give one mark for stating that moles of gas and moles of CsNO₃ need to be calculated.

Give one mark for reference to numerical mole ratios from equations (if first mark has been given)

(e) Give **one mark** for a suitable safety feature with associated reason, e.g. use of fume cupboard as NO₂ is toxic.

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Total for Question 2 is 9 Total for Paper 30.